

Safety Data Sheet

BU0037SS

Version number: 1.0

Date of compilation: 2026-08-27

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name

PH Buffer

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

laboratory and analytical use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

AquaPhoenix Scientific
860 Gitts Run Road
Hanover PA 17331
United States

Telephone: (866) 632-1291
e-mail: info@aquaphoenixsci.com
Website: <https://www.aquaphoenixsci.com/>

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency information service

ChemTel Inc.: 1-800-255-3924, +01-813-248-0585

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200, Rev. 2024)

Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard statement
Flammable liquid	2	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
Acute toxicity (inhal.)	5	Acute Tox. 5	H333
Skin corrosion/irritation	1B	Skin Corr. 1B	H314
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
Skin sensitization	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317
Carcinogenicity	1B	Carc. 1B	H350i
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	STOT SE 3	H336
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	2	Aquatic Acute 2	H401

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200, Rev. 2024)

- Signal word danger

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- Pictograms

GHS02, GHS05, GHS07,
GHS08



- Hazard statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H333	May be harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350i	May cause cancer by inhalation.
H401	Toxic to aquatic life.

- Precautionary statements

P203	Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260	Do not breathe dusts or mists.
P264+P265	Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not touch eyes.
P271	Use only outdoors or with adequate ventilation.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P302+P361+P354	IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately rinse with water for several minutes.
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse affected areas with water or shower.
P304+P317	IF INHALED: Get medical help.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305+P354+P338	IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P316	Get emergency medical help immediately.
P318	IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label).
P333+P317	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical help.
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

Beryllium Sulfate, Hydrochloric Acid, Isopropanol

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms
Isopropanol	CAS No 67-63-0	40	Flam. Liq. 2 / H225 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 STOT SE 3 / H336	 
Water	CAS No 7732-18-5	30.66		
Glycine	CAS No 56-40-6	17		
Hydrochloric Acid	CAS No 7647-01-0	11.84	Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Aquatic Acute 1 / H400	  
Beryllium Sulfate	CAS No 7787-56-6	0.5	Acute Tox. 3 / H301 Acute Tox. 2 / H330 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2A / H319 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Carc. 1B / H350i STOT SE 3 / H335 STOT RE 1 / H372 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411	  

Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

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Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Narcotic effects.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical attention may be necessary if the product gets into the eyes or on the skin.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, Alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NO_x), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂), Hydrogen chloride (HCl)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

Wear impact- and splash-resistant eyewear.

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

heat, high temperatures, light, UV-radiation/sunlight

- Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapors or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)											
Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Notation	Source
US	2-Propanol	67-63-0	TLV®	200	491	400	984				ACGIH® 2025
US	Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	PEL (CA)	400	980	500	1,225				Cal/OSH A PEL
US	Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	REL	400 (10 h)	980 (10 h)	500	1,225				NIOSH REL

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Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Country	Name of agent	CAS No	Identifier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Notation	Source
US	Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	PEL	400	980						29 CFR 1910.10 00
US	Hydrogen chloride	7647-01-0	REL					5	7		NIOSH REL
US	Hydrogen chloride	7647-01-0	TLV®					2			ACGIH® 2025
US	Hydrogen chloride	7647-01-0	PEL					5	7		29 CFR 1910.10 00
US	Hydrogen chloride (muriatic acid) (hydrochloric acid)	7647-01-0	PEL (CA)	0.3	0.45			2			Cal/OSH A PEL

Notation

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Biological limit values

Country	Name of agent	Parameter	Notation	Identifier	Value	Source
US	2-Propanol	Acetone		BEI®	40 mg/l	ACGIH® 2025

Relevant DNELs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	DNEL	8 mg/m³	Human, inhalatory	Worker (industry)	Chronic - local effects
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	DNEL	15 mg/m³	Human, inhalatory	Worker (industry)	Acute - local effects

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Recommended: Disposable neoprene gloves, 0.1 - 0.2 mm thick, 15-120 minute breakthrough times. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

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- Other protection measures

Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Product description: See website or catalog for details.

Physical state	liquid
Color	colorless
Odor	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	82 °C
Evaporation rate	not determined
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	13 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	425 °C
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	not determined
Kinematic viscosity	not determined

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility	miscible in any proportion
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Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available
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Vapor pressure	43 hPa
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Density and/or relative density

Density	not determined
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Relative vapour density

information on this property is not available

Particle characteristics

not relevant (liquid)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200, Rev. 2024)

Acute toxicity

May be harmful if inhaled.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Inhalation: vapor 25.34 mg/l/4h

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	Inhalation: vapor	3 mg/l/4h
Beryllium Sulfate	7787-56-6	Oral	82 mg/kg
Beryllium Sulfate	7787-56-6	Inhalation: dust/mist	0.051 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer by inhalation.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans

Name of substance	CAS No	Classification	Number
Beryllium Sulfate		1	
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	3	
Isopropanol	67-63-0	3	

Legend

1 Carcinogenic to humans

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Isopropanol	67-63-0	LC50	10,000 mg/l	Fish	96 h
Glycine	56-40-6	LC50	>1,000 mg/l	Fish	96 h
Glycine	56-40-6	EC50	>220 mg/l	Aquatic invertebrates	48 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

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12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) in a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

DOT	UN 2924
IMDG-Code	UN 2924
ICAO-TI	UN 2924

14.2 UN proper shipping name

DOT	Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.
IMDG-Code	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S.
ICAO-TI	Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s.
Technical name (hazardous ingredients)	Isopropanol, Hydrochloric Acid

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

DOT	3 (8)
IMDG-Code	3 (8)
ICAO-TI	3 (8)

14.4 Packing group

DOT	II
IMDG-Code	II
ICAO-TI	II

14.5 Environmental hazards

non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

14.6 Other relevant information

Shipping container markings and labels, received from AquaPhoenix, may vary from the above information. Products that are regulated for transport will be packaged by AquaPhoenix as Dangerous Goods in Excepted Quantities according to IATA, US DOT, and IMDG regulations. AquaPhoenix may also elect to ship certain products as UN 3316 Chemical Kit, Hazard Class 9, Packing Group II or III. In case of reshipment, it is the responsibility of the shipper to determine appropriate labels and markings in accordance with applicable transportation regulations.

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14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT) - Additional information

Particulars in the shipper's declaration	UN2924, Flammable liquid, corrosive, n.o.s., (Isopropanol, Hydrochloric Acid, mixture), 3 (8), II
Reportable quantity (RQ)	42,230 lbs (19,172 kg) (Hydrochloric Acid)
Danger label(s)	3+8



Special provisions (SP)	IB2, T11, TP2, TP27
ERG No	132

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG) - Additional information

Marine pollutant	-
Danger label(s)	3+8



Special provisions (SP)	274
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	1 L
EmS	F-E, S-C
Stowage category	B

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR) - Additional information

Danger label(s)	3+8
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Special provisions (SP)	A3
Excepted quantities (EQ)	E2
Limited quantities (LQ)	0,5 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

National regulations (United States)

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) not all ingredients are listed (ACTIVE)

Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III)

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- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities				
Name of substance	CAS No	Notes	Reportable quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity (pounds)
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	F	5,000	500

Legend

f Chemical on the original list that does not meet toxicity criteria but because of its acute lethality, high production volume and known risk is considered chemical of concern ("Other chemicals"). (November 17, 1986, and February 15, 1990.)

- Specific Toxic Chemical Listings (EPCRA Section 313)

Toxics Release Inventory: Specific Toxic Chemical Listings			
Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Effective date
Beryllium Sulfate			1986-12-31
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	Acid aerosols including mists, vapors, gas, fog, and other airborne forms of any particle size	1986-12-31
Isopropanol	67-63-0	Only persons who manufacture by the strong acid process are subject, supplier notification not required	1986-12-31

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA)

- List of Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (CERCLA section 102a) (40 CFR 302.4)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Statutory code	Final RQ pounds (Kg)
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0		1 3	5000 (2270)

Legend

1 "1" indicates that the statutory source is section 311(b)(2) of the Clean Water Act

3 "3" indicates that the source is section 112 of the Clean Air Act

Clean Air Act

Name of substance	CAS No	Type of registration	Basis for listing	Threshold quantity (lbs)
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	Toxic substance	A	5000
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	Toxic substance	D	15000

Legend

a Mandated for listing by Congress.

d Toxicity of hydrogen chloride, potential to release hydrogen chloride, and history of accidents.

Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

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- Hazardous Substance List (NJ-RTK)

Name of substance	CAS No	Remarks	Classifications
Beryllium Sulfate	7787-56-6		CA
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0		CO R1
Isopropanol	67-63-0		F3

Legend

CA	Carcinogenic
CO	Corrosive
F3	Flammable - Third Degree
R1	Reactive - First Degree

California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Proposition 65 List of chemicals			
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Remarks	Type of the toxicity
Beryllium compounds			Cancer

Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	3	Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	3	Material that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions
Physical hazard	0	Material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	3	Material that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions
Health	3	Material that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury
Instability	0	Material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

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National inventories

Country	Inventory	Status
AU	AIIC	All ingredients are listed
CA	DSL	Not all ingredients are listed
CN	IECSC	All ingredients are listed
EU	ECSI	Not all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	Not all ingredients are listed
JP	CSCL-ENCS	All ingredients are listed
JP	ISHA-ENCS	Not all ingredients are listed
KR	KECI	Not all ingredients are listed
MX	INSQ	Not all ingredients are listed
NZ	NZIoC	All ingredients are listed
PH	PICCS	All ingredients are listed
TR	CICR	Not all ingredients are listed
TW	TCSI	All ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	Not all ingredients are listed

Legend

AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
CICR	Chemical Inventory and Control Regulation
CSCL-ENCS	List of Existing and New Chemical Substances (CSCL-ENCS)
DSL	Domestic Substances List (DSL)
ECSI	EC Substance Inventory (EINECS, ELINCS, NLP)
IECSC	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China
INSQ	National Inventory of Chemical Substances
ISHA-ENCS	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ISHA-ENCS)
KECI	Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
NZIoC	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
PICCS	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)
REACH Reg.	REACH registered substances
TCSI	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
	tions/tlv-bei-position-statement
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard
Aquatic Chronic	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
Carc.	Carcinogenicity
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ED	Endocrine disruptor
EINECS	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS	European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EmS	Emergency Schedule
ERG No	Emergency Response Guidebook - Number
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
ICAO-TI	Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
IMDG-Code	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NLP	No-Longer Polymer
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
Ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
Skin Sens.	Skin sensitization
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average
VPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

Key literature references and sources for data

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book").
 Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG).
 Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.
 Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in section 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H333	May be harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350i	May cause cancer by inhalation.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H401	Toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.